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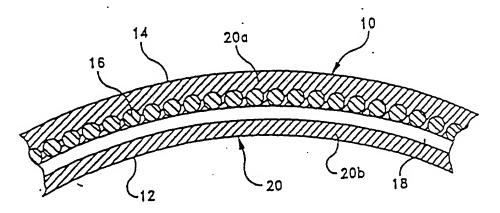
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(54) Title: PRESS BELT AND METHOD OF MANUFACTURE



(57) Abstract

A press belt in the form of an endless loop includes crosswise and lengthwise reinforcing fibers. The crosswise reinforcing fibers (16) are positioned adjacent to the outside surface of the belt (10) and the lengthwise reinforcing fibers (18) are positioned adjacent to the inside surface of the belt (10). The fibers (16, 18) are laid inside a casting cylinder and an elastomeric material (20) is cast onto the fibers (16, 18) while the casting cylinder is rotating. The crosswise fibers (16) are laid into the casting cylinder first so that they are adjacent to the outer surface of the belt and then the lengthwise fibers (18) are laid over the crosswise fibers (16).

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PRESS BELT AND METHOD OF MANUFACTURE

Background and Summary of the Invention:

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The instant invention relates to an enfactor press belt construction, and further relates to a function of manufacturing the press belt.

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The prior art press belts typically ===== a base weave which is covered on both sides and 15 ted with a rubber or polyurethane material. weave acts as a reinforcing material to add s the belt. In this regard, U.S. Patents No. 3 _____ and No. 5,134,010 represent the closest prior subject invention of which the applicant is aware ".S. 20 Patent No. 5,238,537 describes a belt construction rein the reinforcement material consists of a were machine fabric which is impregnated from one polyurethane material. It has been found that belt is difficult to manufacture because it remains 25 woven reinforcing material to be dimensionally so that the resulting belt is formed in exact diagrams. Furthermore, the resulting belt exhibits only elasticity. Accordingly, it does not readily wine the flexing which occurs while running through theres. 30 The belt is therefore subject to significant we must be replaced often. U.S. Patent 5,134,010 a press belt which is constructed on the outsite = casting cylinder. The press belt is formed belt laying a plurality of crosswise reinforcement === 35 under tension, at a distance from the outside of ting form, and then helically winding a lengthwisany resistance as the belt is run through the sharp transition curve from the belt loop to the concave press shoe. The instant press belt is formed by a method comprising the steps of laying the crosswise yarns inside the casting cylinder, casting a surface layer of elastomeric material over the crosswise yarns, laying the lengthwise yarns onto the still wet surface layer of elastomeric material and then casting an inner layer of elastomeric material over the lengthwise yarns wherein the inner and outer layers of elastomeric material form an integral elastomeric entity which encases both the crosswise and lengthwise yarns.

Accordingly, it is an object of the instant invention to provide a press belt which is rugged and durable while maintaining the flexibility for use in a shoe-type pressing device.

It is another object to provide a press belt having crosswise reinforcing yarns located adjacent to the outside surface of the belt and lengthwise reinforcing yarns located on adjacent to the inside surface of the belt.

It is yet another object to provide a method of manufacturing a flexible press belt which is simple and inexpensive.

Other objects, features and advantages of the invention shall become apparent as the description thereof proceeds when considered in connection with the accompanying illustrative drawings.

30 . Description of the Drawings:

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In the drawings which illustrate the best mode presently contemplated for carrying out the present invention:

Fig. 1 is a perspective view of the endless loop press belt of the instant invention;

Fig. 2 is a cross-sectional view taken along line 2-2 in Fig. 1;

Fig. 3 is an elevational view, partially in section, of the casting apparatus for forming the press 5 belt of the instant invention;

a cross-sectional view thereof Fig. 4 is taken along line 4-4 of Fig. 3;

Fig. 5 is another elevational view of the casting apparatus, partially in section, with the inner 10 layer of elastomeric material being applied;

Fig. 6 is a cross-sectional view thereof taken along line 6-6 of Fig. 5; and

Fig. 7 is an elevational view of a shoe-type pressing device.

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Description of the Preferred Embodiment:

Referring now to the drawings, the endless loop press belt of the instant invention is illustrated and 20 generally indicated at 10 in Figs. 1, 2, and 7. As will hereinafter be more fully described, the instant press belt 10 has a high tensile strength while retaining the necessary flexibility required for use in a shoe-type pressing device to be described hereinafter.

The press belt 10 comprises a closed, endless loop, having inner and outer surfaces 12 and 14 respecti-The press belt 10 comprises separate layers of crosswise reinforcement yarns 16 and lengthwise reinforcing yarns 18 laid on top of each other and enclosed in 30 elastomeric material generally indicated at 20. crosswise yarns 16 of the instant press belt 10 are located adjacent to the outer surface 14 of the press belt 10, and the lengthwise yarns 18 are located adjacent to the inside surface 12 of the press belt 10. The arrange-35 ment of the reinforcing yarns provides the press belt 10 with a high tensile strength while retaining the elasti-

city required for use in shoe-type pressing devices. Since the crosswise yarns 16 are adjacent to the outside surface 14 of the belt 10, they do not offer any resistance as the belt 10 is run through the sharp transition 5 curves of a concave press shoe. The reinforcement yarns 16 and 18 can comprise either monofilament, or multifilament yarns, depending upon the particular physical requirements of the press belt. Likewise, in the same press belt 10, some of the reinforcement yarns may comprise monofilament yarns and some of the yarns may comprise multifilament yarns. The crosswise yarns 16 can be laid comparatively far from each other without substantially changing the physical characteristics of the belt. The lengthwise reinforcement yarns 18 preferably comprise a continuous yarn laid out in a helical fashion although they may comprise individual loops. There can also be varying distances between the yarn layers.

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The elastomeric material 20 preferably comprises polyurethane, although other elastomeric materials are also suitable.

In use (See Fig. 7), the press belt 10 is received in a shoe-type press generally indicated at 22. The shoe-type press 22 comprises a press cylinder 24 and a press shoe 26 having a concave pressing surface 28. The press cylinder 24 and press shoe 26 cooperate to form a press nip. As shown in Fig. 7, the press belt 10 is operative for transporting a continuous fabric, web or sheet 30 through the press nip. The press belt 10 passes through the nip so that inner surface 12 is received adjacent the press shoe 26. It can therefore be seen that the outer surface 14 makes contact with the sheet 30 during use. It is also pointed out that the press belt 10 isolates the sheet 30 from lubricating oil. As illustrated in Fig. 3, the reinforcement yarns 16 and 35 18 are spaced from each other so that the elastomeric material 20 between the yarns has sufficient space to compress when the belt 10 is bent into a concave shape against the concave surface 28 of the press shoe 26.

The instant press belt 10 is formed in a casting apparatus generally indicated at 32 in Fig. 3-6. The casting apparatus 32 comprises a casting cylinder 34 having an inside diameter which is equal to the desired outside diameter of the press belt 10. The casting cylinder 34 is mounted on supporting rollers 36 which allow the casting cylinder 34 to rotate. The reinforcement yarns 16 and 18 are laid on the inside surface of the casting cylinder 34 so that the crosswise yarns 16 are on the outside and the lengthwise yarns 18 are on the inside. As indicated earlier, the lengthwise yarns 10 may be laid in as individual loops, or as a single yarn in a helical fashion.

The polyurethane material 20 is then cast from a nozzle assembly 38 as the casting cylinder 34 rotates so as to spread the elastomeric material 20 evenly over and around the yarns 16 and 18. The nozzle assembly 38 is supported by a carriage 40 which moves axially on a support beam 42 that extends axially through the casting cylinder 34.

More specifically, the preferred method of manufacturing the press belt 10 comprises the steps of suspending the crosswise yarns 16 inside the casting cylinder 34, casting an outer or surface layer of polyurethane 20a (Fig. 3) onto the crosswise yarns 16, laying the lengthwise yarns 18 in a helical configuration onto the still wet outer layer of polyurethane 20a, and then casting an inner layer of polyurethane 20b (Fig. 5) over the lengthwise yarns 18 wherein the inner and outer layers of polyurethane 20a and 20b form an integral polyurethane entity 20 which encases both the crosswise and lengthwise yarns 16 and 18. The crosswise yarns 16 are installed inside the casting cylinder 34 before any casting of the polyurethane takes place.

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In this connection, the crosswise yarns 16 are installed on circular steel plates 44 (Fig. 4) having a plurality of radial teeth 46 on an inner edge thereof. The steel rings 44 are installed on each end of the casting cylin-5 der 34 and the crosswise threads 16 are threaded between the teeth 46 on each end of the casting cylinder 34 and tied to the teeth 46 where needed. A spacer (not shown) may be inserted between the surface of the cylinder 34 and the cross-wise yarns 16 to lift then off the surface. 10 Alternatively, the teeth 46 of the plates 44 can also act as spacers. Preferably, the lengthwise reinforcing yarn 18 is wound on the inside of the casting cylinder 34 simultaneously as the first urethane layer 20a is cast (see Fig. 3). A jointed arm 48 carrying a wheel 50 and guides 62 for the lengthwise yarn 18 is installed on the same carrier 40 as the polyurethane casting head 38, trailing the casting head 38 at a predetermined distance. The arm 48 can be lowered onto the surface of the casting cylinder 34 and lifted clear off the same by means of a double-acting pneumatic cylinder 54. As soon as the 20 urethane components are mixed together and the mixture is cast onto the cylinder 34, it begins to cure. After a certain period of time it is sufficiently cured so it will not stick to the wheel 50 is lowered to the urethane surface and with sufficient pressure it presses the yarn 18 into the urethane. The crosswise yarns 16 25 (inserted into the form before casting) and the urethane layer 20a determine the distance of the helically wound yarn 18 from the casting cylinder surface. After the 30 insertion of the lengthwise yarn 18 another layer of urethane 20b is cast either from a second, trailing casting head (not shown) or from the same head 40 taking another pass (Fig. 5). The two layers of polyurethane 20a and 20b cure together into one homogenous urethane 35 layer 20 if the second layer is cast soon enough after the first. The yarn supply 56 for the winding is located

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outside the form and the yarn 18 is guided to the location through a set of guides 52 and rollers 56 (Fig. 3).

It can therefore be seen that the instant invention provides a unique press belt 10 and method for 5 manufacturing the press belt 10. The press belt 10 comprises separate layers of crosswise and lengthwise reinforcing yarns 16 and 18 encased in an elastomeric entity 20. The belt 10 is constructed so that the crosswise yarns 16 are adjacent to the outside surface 12 of 10 the belt 10 and the lengthwise yarns 18 are adjacent to the inside surface 14 of the belt 10. This arrangement of the yarns provides high tensile strength while retaining the flexibility necessary for use in a shoe-type pressing device. The method for manufacturing the belt 10 is simple and economical comprising the steps of laying the reinforcement yarns 16 and 18 inside a casting cylinder 34 and casting a layer of elastomeric material 20 over the yarns. For these reasons, the instant invention is believed to represent a significant advancement in the art which has substantial commercial merit. 20

while there is shown and described herein certain specific structure embodying the invention, it will be manifest to those skilled in the art that various modifications and rearrangements of the parts may be made without departing from the spirit and scope of the underlying inventive concept and that the same is not limited to the particular forms herein shown and described except insofar as indicated by the scope of the appended claims.

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Claims:

- 1. An endless loop press belt having inner and outer surfaces and comprising a plurality of reinforcing yarns encased in an elastomeric material, said reinfor-5 cing yarns comprising an outer yarn layer adjacent said outer surface of said belt and an inner yarn layer adjacent an inner surface of said belt, said outer yarn layer comprising a plurality of spaced reinforcing yarns extending in a crosswise direction, said inner yarn layer comprising a plurality of spaced reinforcing yarns extending in a lengthwise direction.
 - 2. In the press belt of claim 1, said reinforcing yarns comprising monofilament yarns.
- 3. The press belt of claim 1, wherein selected reinforcing yarns comprise multifilament yarns. 15
 - 4. In the press belt of claim 1, said elastomeric material comprising polyurethane.
- A method of forming an endless loop press belt comprising a plurality of reinforcing yarns encased 20 in an elastomeric material, said method comprising the steps of:

positioning a layer of crosswise reinforcing yarns inside a casting cylinder having an inside diameter equal to a desired outside diameter of said press belt;

- positioning a layer of lengthwise reinforcing yarns on top of said crosswise reinforcing yarns; and casting an elastomeric material over said crosswise and lengthwise reinforcing yarns to encase said yarns, whereby said crosswise reinforcing yarns are 30 adjacent to the outer surface of said press belt and the lengthwise reinforcing yarns are adjacent to the inner surface of said press belt.
 - 6. In the method of claim 5, said casting step comprising casting said elastomeric material from inside said casting cylinder.
 - 7. In the method of claim 5, said casting step

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comprising feeding said elastomeric material into said casting cylinder through a nozzle which is moved axially through said cylinder while said cylinder is rotating, said cylinder being rotated at a predetermined speed selected to achieve a desired thickness of said clastomeric material.

8. A method of forming an endless loop press belt comprising a plurality of reinforcing yarns encased in an elastomeric material, said method comprising the steps of:

positioning a layer of crosswise reinforcing yarns inside a casting cylinder having an inside diameter equal to a desired outside diameter of said press belt;

casting a first layer of elastomeric material over said crosswise reinforcing yarns;

positioning a layer of lengthwise reinforcing yarns on top of said still wet first layer of elastomeric material;

casting a second layer of elastomeric material over said lengthwise reinforcing yarns wherein said first and second layers of elastomeric material simultaneously cure to form an integral elastomeric entity which encases both the crosswise and lengthwise reinforcing yarns.

- 9. In the method of claim 8, said steps of casting said elastomeric material comprising rotating said casting cylinder while a casting head is moved axially through said casting cylinder.
- 10. In the method of claim 8, said step of positioning said lengthwise yarns comprising laying a continuous yarn in a helical pattern inside said casting cylinder.

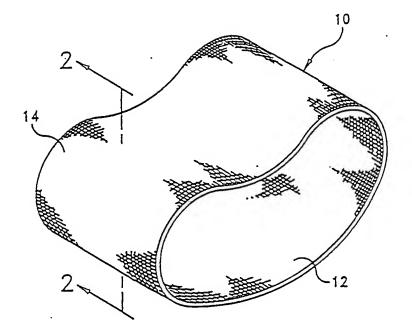


FIG. 1

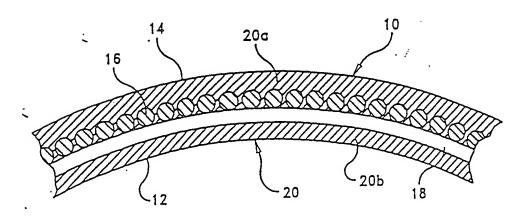
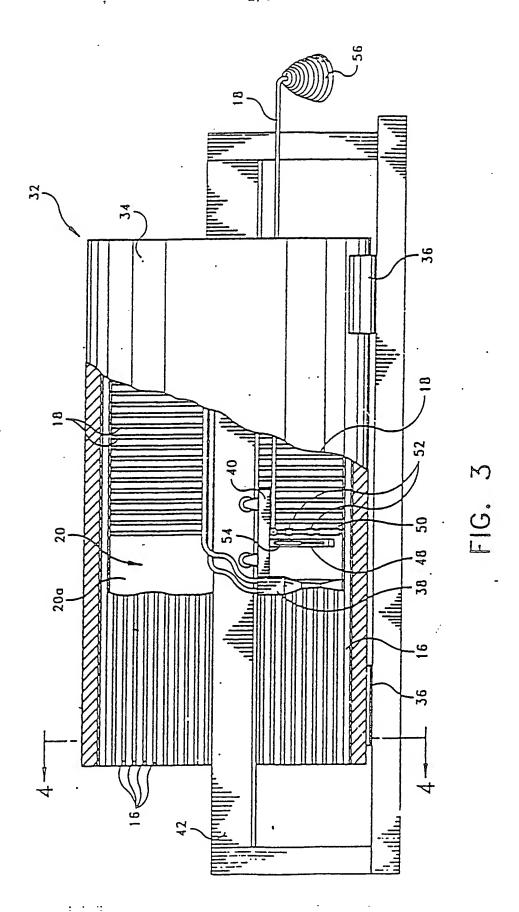


FIG. 2



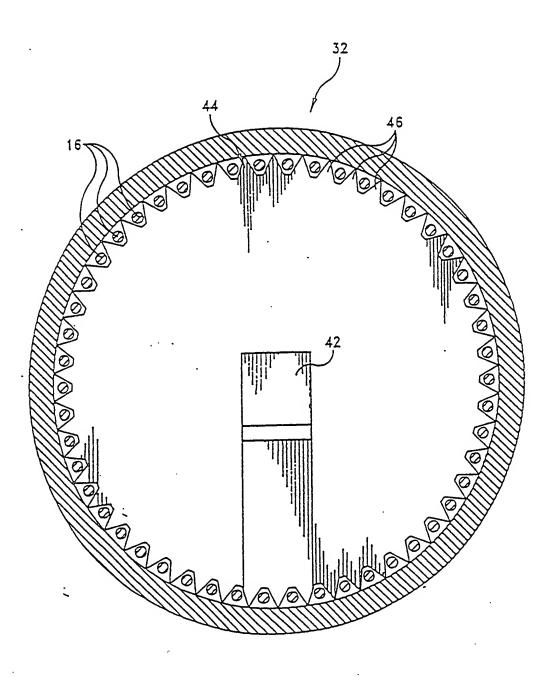
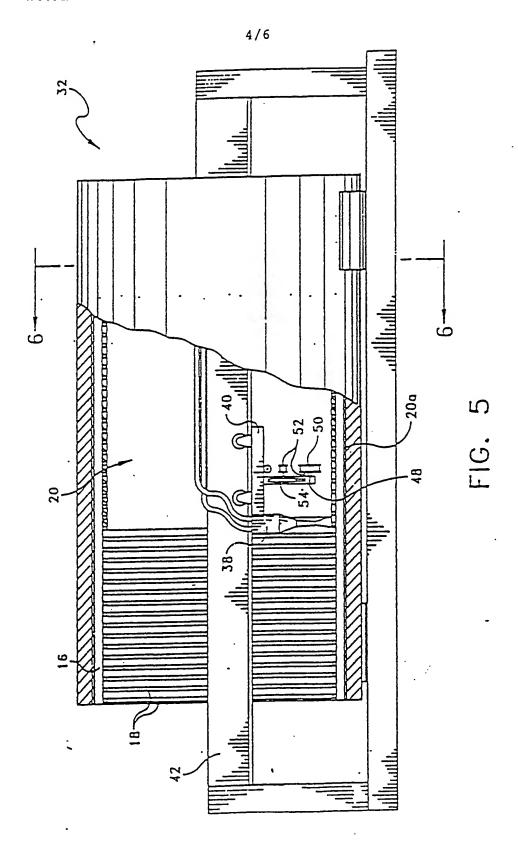


FIG. 4



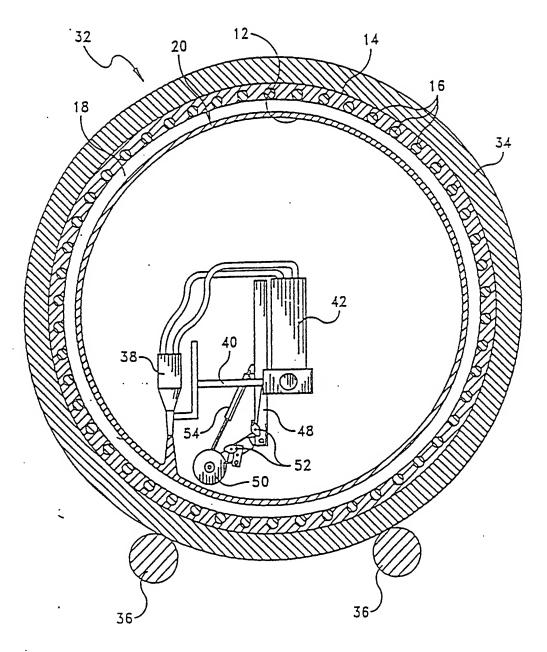
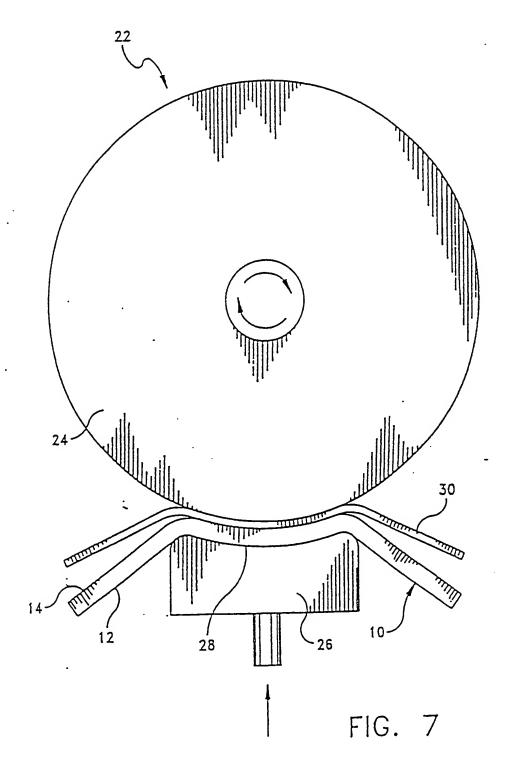


FIG. 6



INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No. PCT/FI 95/00226

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A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER								
IPC6: D21F 3/02 According to International Patent Clarification (IPC) or to both national clarification and IPC								
B. FIELDS SEARCHED								
Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)								
IPC6: D21F								
Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched								
SE, DK, FI, NO classes as above								
Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)								
C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT								
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where ap	Relevant to claim No.						
A	US 5134010 A (CHRISTIAN SCHIEL), 28 July 1992 (28.07.92)		1					
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A	US 5302251 A (CHRISTIAN SCHIEL E . 12 April 1994 (12.04.94)	1						
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Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. X See patent family amex.								
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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

29/05/95

International application No. PCT/FI 95/00226

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US-A-	5302251	12/04/94	CA-A- DE-A- JP-A- SE-A-	2088005 4202731 6081291 9300041	01/08/93 05/08/93 22/03/94 01/08/93